

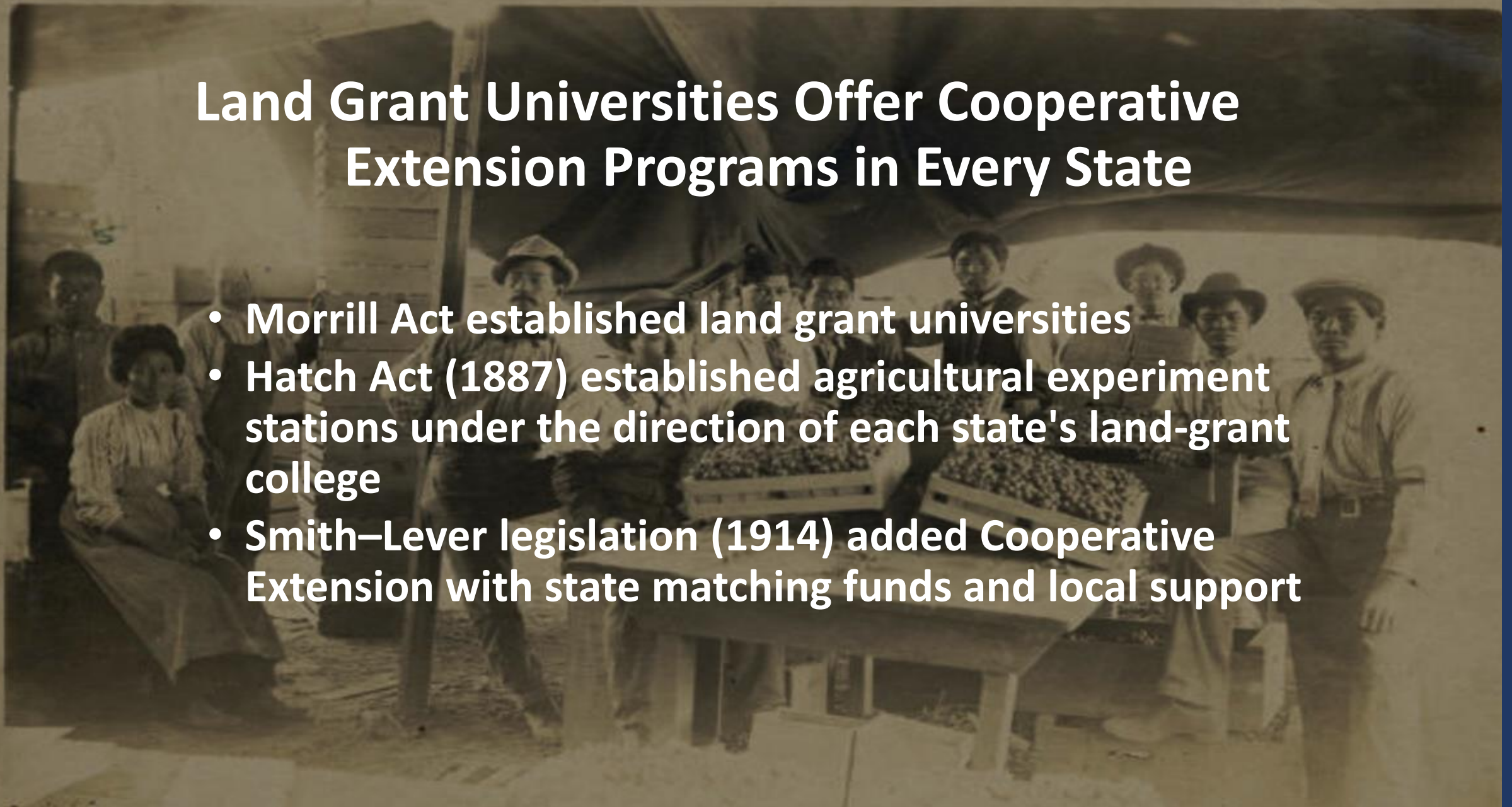
Are You Making the Most Out of Your County Extension Office?



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Land Grant Universities Offer Cooperative Extension Programs in Every State

- Morrill Act established land grant universities
- Hatch Act (1887) established agricultural experiment stations under the direction of each state's land-grant college
- Smith–Lever legislation (1914) added Cooperative Extension with state matching funds and local support





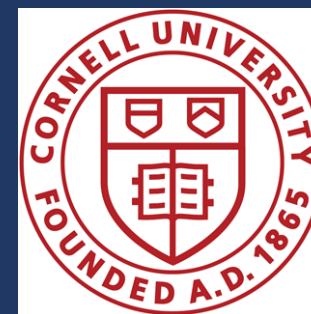
Cornell Agricultural Workforce Development

CCE's Agriculture Workforce Development program demystifies new farm and labor laws to help to build committed, engaged and effective teams through tried-and-tested human resource management practices and research-based leadership and management development education.



Cornell Cooperative Extension Pesticide Safety Education Program (CCE-PSEP)

CCE's PSEP promotes the proper use of pesticides for the applicator, the consumer, and the environment, and also serves as a pesticide education center for those interested in pesticide chemicals.



Cornell Cooperative Extension

MSU Soil Test

[Home](#)[Get Started](#)[Your Results](#)[Tools ▾](#)[Ask an Expert](#)

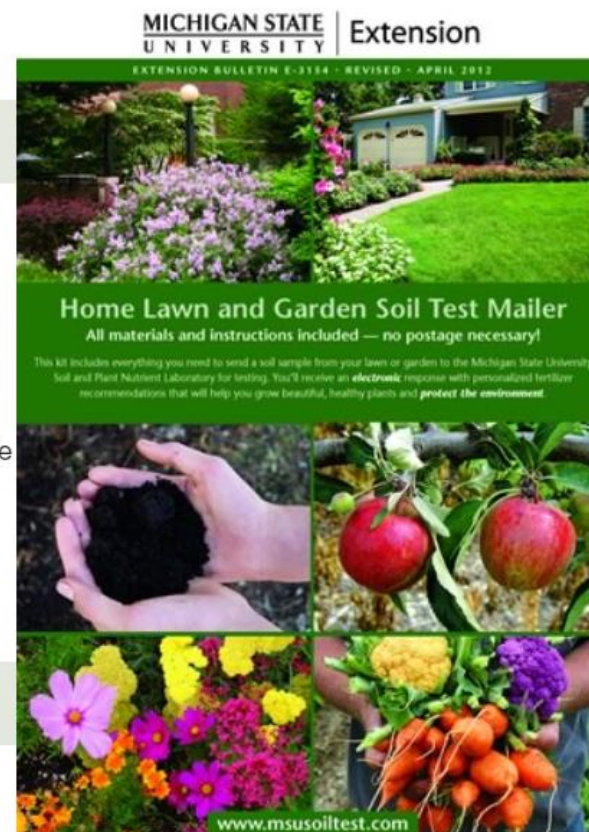
Get Started

Taking a Soil Sample

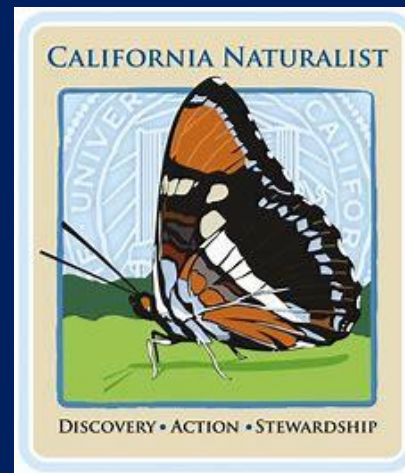
1. Obtain an MSU Extension Home Lawn and Garden Soil Test Mailer.
2. Decide which one lawn **or** garden area you would like to test. Use a spade or a trowel and a clean plastic pail.
3. Collect 10 random soil samples from this lawn or garden area. Each of these samples should be about 1/2 cup.
4. To do so, remove a slice of soil (extending to the bottom of the plant roots 3 inches deep for lawn; 7 inches deep for all other plants).
5. Do not include roots, thatch or other plant materials in the sample.
6. Mix the 10 sub-samples together. If the soil is wet, spread it on paper and allow to air dry overnight before filling the sample bag. Do not use artificial heat (i.e. radiator, oven, microwave, hair dryer, etc.) to force-dry the sample.
7. Place roughly 1 cup of the well-mixed soil inside the resealable plastic bag that is included in the Soil Test Mailer and seal carefully.
8. Do not overfill the plastic bag. Do not pour extra loose soil inside the white postage-paid envelope.

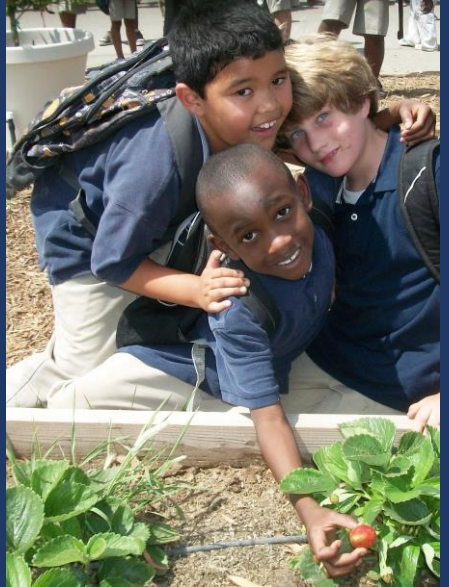
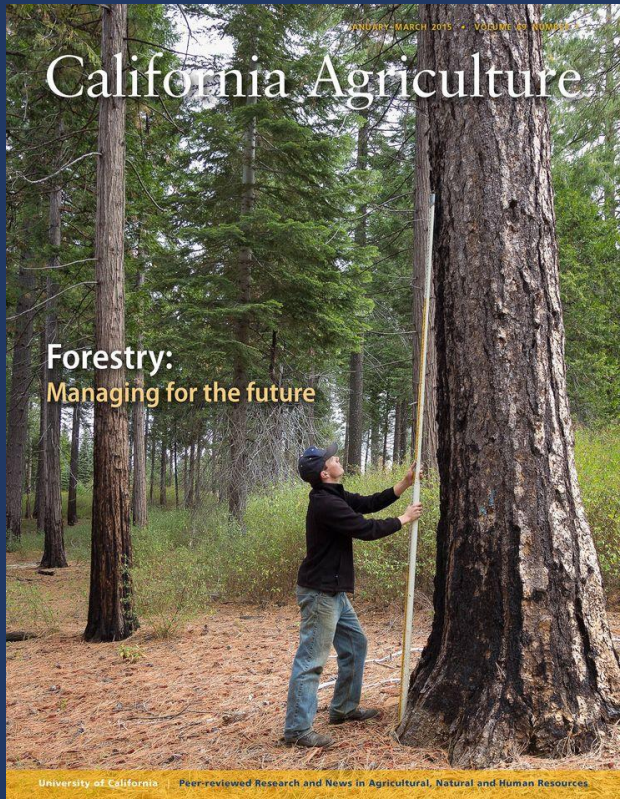
How to Submit *HOME* Lawn and Garden Samples

The Home Lawn and Garden Soil Test Mailer can be used to process any type of home soil sample (lawn, vegetable garden, tree, shrub, flower, and tree/small fruit). It is available through the [MSU Extension Bookstore](#) (opens in a new window). This mailer may also be available for pick-up at your local MSU Extension county office. [Click here to find a local county office](#) (opens in a new window)



The mission of UC Cooperative Extension is to conduct and extend applied research and education in agricultural and natural resources to the workforce, land managers, and the general public





A Commitment to Practice: The New Technical Assistance MOA to enhance greater partnering was enacted Dec. 2022



The California Conservation Planning Partnership Was Formalized in December 2022

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1T4j4ahLhTRRdH2v2Ept7e6h3mZlqqYOA/view>

- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service
- California Department of Food and Agriculture
- University of California's Agriculture and Natural Resources
- California Association of Resource Conservation Districts

IERCD and UCCE Partnership Started in 2017





UC ANR Environmental Horticulture Team



Hung Doan, Chandra Richards, Amrita Mukherjee



Hung Doan (UCCE Small Farms Advisor)

- Helps farmers conserve natural resources while maintaining optimal crop production

Chandra Richards (UCCE SALC Manager)

- Helps conserve and expand farmland emphasizing climate-smart management practices through the Sustainable Agricultural Land Conservation (SALC)

Amrita Mukherjee (UCCE Urban Agriculture Advisor)

- Helps urban agriculture producers conserve natural resources while maintaining optimal crop production

2023: Year in Review



SMALL FARMERS GET RELIEF
with assistance from bilingual UCCE staff members

UC
CE



Maggie O'Neill



Debbie Schnur (left)



Dee Denton (left)



UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
Agriculture and Natural Resources



“Trees for Tomorrow” Project



Why Trees? Why This Project?



CA (Often) Has a 'Moisture' and (Always) a 'Tree Drought'

While there are ~ 9 M street trees in California, their density has decreased 30% since 1988. CA cities have the lowest tree canopy per capita (108 yd²) in the U.S.



Climate-ready Landscape Trees Study



UC: Alison Berry, Jim Downer, Janet Hartin, Darren Haver
USFS: Greg McPherson, Natalie van Doorn, Erika Teach

- Measuring performance of select landscape tree species based on heat and drought resistance, CO₂ sequestration, soil tolerance, pest resistance, shade, biodiversity, rareness, longevity, etc.



Trees Cool Urban Heat Islands (UHIs)

Temperatures of impervious surfaces can be $>60^{\circ}\text{F}$ hotter than surfaces shaded by trees in inland and desert cities



Provides Climate-Ready Trees to Residents of Low Shade Neighborhoods



Mandy Takes an Active Role, Too!



Education is a Key Element Since Less Than 40% of Trees Live Beyond 20 Years in Urban Settings

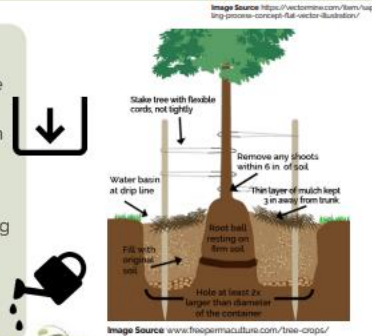


Tree Care Guidelines

Why Plant Trees? Trees cool urban heat islands; filter pollutants from air and water; absorb and store carbon dioxide; enhance biodiversity and provide habitat; provide sound barriers and windbreaks; beautify neighborhoods, and more!

Planting Your Tree!

- 2.5** » Dig the planting hole 2 - 2.5 times the width of the container the tree was in
- » Plant your tree at same depth it was in the container.
- » Add soil that was removed from the hole back into the hole (Do not add compost or organic matter to the planting hole).
- » Water your tree thoroughly and keep soil moist (like a wrung out sponge) the first season.



Long Term Tree Care

- » Prune trees correctly (never top them!)
- » Keep the tree trunk dry
- » Apply mulch on top of the soil, starting 6 inches away from the tree trunk and extending outward
- » Water your tree longer and less often than the first season (promotes a deep root system to support tree as it matures).
- » Avoid spraying pesticides unless absolutely necessary. (Identify problems first! Most issues are due to other issues and spraying will reduce populations of beneficial organisms and pollinators)
- » During drought and water restrictions, water deeply 2-3 times during summer with a hose to keep your tree alive



Still have tree questions? Contact the Master Gardener helpline with the QR code



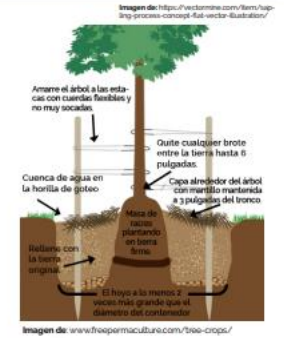
Image Source: <https://clipartix.com/trees-clipart-image-29268/>

El Cuidado de Árboles

¿Por qué son importantes los árboles? Los árboles refrescan el calor en las áreas (islas) urbanas; filtran los contaminantes del aire y el agua; almacenan dióxido de carbono; mejoran la biodiversidad y proveen un hábitat; proveen barreras de sonido y viento; embellecen los vecindarios, ¡y más!

Sembrando su árbol!

- 2.5** » Excave el hoyo de plantación 2 - 2.5 veces de ancho del contenedor en el que estaba el árbol
- » Plante su árbol a la misma profundidad que estaba en el contenedor.
- » Rellene el hoyo con la tierra que se quitó inicialmente (no agregue compost o materia orgánica al hoyo.)
- » Riegue bien su árbol y mantenga la tierra húmeda en la primera temporada.



Cuidado a largo plazo

- » Poda los árboles correctamente, y no corte la rama central de crecimiento.
- » Mantenga el tronco seco
- » Aplique mantillo (mulch) alrededor del árbol, comenzando a 6 pulgadas del tronco y extendiéndose hacia afuera
- » Riegue su árbol por más tiempo y con menos frecuencia después de la primera temporada (promueve un sistema de raíces profundas para apoyar al árbol a medida que madura).
- » Evite de usar las pesticidas a menos que sea absolutamente necesario. (Identifique los problemas! La mayoría se deben a otras razones y la fumigación reducirá las poblaciones de organismos beneficiosos y polinizadores.)
- » Durante la sequía y las restricciones de agua, riegue profundamente 2 o 3 veces durante el verano con una manguera para mantener su árbol con vida



¿Todavía tiene preguntas? Usa la línea de ayuda de Master Gardener con el código QR



Image Source: <https://clipartix.com/trees-clipart-image-29268/>

English and Spanish Educational Materials

High Desert Tree Giveaway Regalo de Árboles en Joshua Tree



Saturday / sabado, Jun. 10, 2023
3:00 - 4:00 PM

Joshua Basin Water District / Distrito del Agua
61750 Chollita Rd, Joshua Tree, CA 92252



Palo Verde
Parkinsonia x "Desert Museum"

- Sunset climate zones 8 - 14, 18 - 20
- Deciduous
- Fast growing to 20' tall
- Tolerates poor soil
- Beautiful yellow flowers

Palo Verde
Parkinsonia x "Desert Museum"

- Zonas climáticas (al atardecer): 8 - 14, 18 - 20
- Caduco
- Crece rápido hasta 20' de altura
- Tolerancia a tierra deficiente
- Hermosas flores amarillas



Mesquite
Prosopis spp.

- Sunset zones: 10-13, 18-24
- Deciduous
- Grows 35' tall
- Thornless (Maverick sp.)
- Small yellow flowers in spring and summer

Mezquite
Prosopis spp.

- Zonas de atardecer: 10-13, 18-24
- Caduco
- Crece hasta 35' de altura
- Sin espinas (esp. Maverick)
- Pequeñas flores amarillas en la primavera y verano

Questions about your trees?
22Trees4tomorrow@gmail.com

¿Preguntas sobre sus árboles?
22Trees4tomorrow@gmail.com



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Agriculture and Natural Resources



**ÁRBOLES DE SOMBRA
GRATIS**

Sábado, 23 de Septiembre de 2023
10 AM - 12 PM



Parque Louis Robidoux y Pecan Grove (LRPPG)
5370 Riverview Drive, Jurupa Valley, CA 92509

¿Vive usted en el área de Jurupa Valley, CA y quiere un árbol gratis? ¿Tienes espacio para el árbol y su propio transporte para traerlo a casa? ¿Está disponible septiembre 23 para escuchar una breve charla de nuestros Jardineros Maestros UCCE sobre la plantación y cuidado y para recoger su árbol?

Si es así, regístrese previamente para un árbol aquí:

<https://ucanr.edu/freetreesjurupavalley>





*UC Master Gardeners in San Bernardino County presenting parking lot tree talks at a tree education giveaway.
Photo/Janet Hartin*

The “Trees for Tomorrow” Project was featured in the Most Recent UC Master Gardener Impact Report



*UC Master Gardeners take data on tree growth and health in partnership with Advisor Hartin on the 'Climate-ready Tree' study aimed at cooling urban heat islands.
Photo/Janet Hartin*

How to Contact Your Cooperative Extension Office

<https://extension.org/find-cooperative-extension-in-your-state/>





Thank You!

Questions?